



BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check

BCG surveyed leading investors October 29–31, 2021, to understand their perspectives on the US economy, the US stock market, and the critical decisions and actions that senior executives and boards of directors are considering and making. This is BCG's 17th COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check; the initial survey was conducted March 20–22, 2020.

This COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check, conducted October 29–31, 2021, is the 17th in a series of periodic surveys that BCG is conducting to help corporate executives and boards of directors understand investors' perspectives in this rapidly changing environment.

- 85% of the participants in this survey overlap with the respondents to the previous survey, which was conducted June 19–20, 2021
- Across the three most recent surveys (April 29–30, 2021, June 19–20, 2021, and October 29–31, 2021), the overlap in respondents is 77%

About the respondents:

- They represent investment firms that have more than \$5 trillion in combined assets under management
- 90% are portfolio managers and senior analysts who are responsible for making buy, sell, and hold decisions
- They cover a broad spectrum of investor types and investment styles, including deep value, income, growth at a reasonable price, and core growth; they also include some quantitative, technical, and special situation investors

The survey focused on two key topics:

Investors' expectations for the US economy and stock market, as well as their views on key macro risks in the current environment

Investors' perspectives on important decisions that corporate executives and boards of directors are considering and making

Because the market environment is evolving, especially with regard to the pandemic, some questions from prior surveys were not asked or were replaced with new ones in this edition.

The analysis shared in this document represents an aggregated view that is not segmented by investor type; it is important for corporate executives and boards of directors to keep in mind their current and target investor mix while interpreting the results.

• Select results by investor type can be made available upon request

The results represent the views of surveyed investors only; to understand BCG's point of view, please visit http://on.bcg.com/covid19insights for BCG's latest thinking on COVID-19 and preparing for the postpandemic world.

Key insights into investors' views and expectations

October 31

Investors are more bearish on both the stock market and the economy than they were three months ago

- Investors expect a series-low 6.5% annualized TSR for the S&P 500 over the next three years (versus 7.0% to 7.5% across all prior pulse checks)
- Investors anticipate a 10% correction in the S&P 500 by the end of Q2 2022

Inflation and interest rates, as well as macroeconomic growth, are the top two concerns for investors

 COVID-19 is not a primary investment consideration for most investors, ranking seventh among 12 macro factors

Investors continue to focus on companies' long-term growth outlook, and 89% want companies to make the required investments in building advantage and capabilities, even if that means sacrificing EPS upside in the short term

Investors (83%) expect companies to deliver on guidance and consensus expectations

 Management teams no longer have the wide latitude that investors granted during the earlier, highly uncertain days of the pandemic

Investors want companies to actively shape their business portfolios; they believe in pursuing both divestitures and acquisitions, and 81% support attractive transformational deals

Investors remain neutral on dividends returning to prepandemic levels, they are skeptical about aggressive share repurchases, and they are surprisingly open to equity issuance Leading investment industry institutions and executives have voiced their strong and unwavering commitment and focus on ESG and sustainable investing.

However, most of the investors BCG recently surveyed indicated that ESG is not currently a primary consideration in day-to-day investment decisions and recommendations

- These findings show that leadership commitments on ESG have not yet fully cascaded down to the "rockface" in the investment industry
- This is consistent with 50+ investor interviews BCG conducted over the past year highlighting that ESG often is treated as a "check box"
- However, ESG and especially decarbonization are central to the investment thesis in specific sectors (such as oil and gas, utilities, and automotive)

A bearish outlook and macro considerations reflect shifting investor views

October 31

Despite record-high share-price levels, investors' outlook for the US economy and stock market have become bearish

- 59% of investors are more bearish on the US economy now (versus three months ago), in contrast to 45% in June 2021 and 35% for December 2020 to June 2021
- 58% of investors are more bearish on stock markets now (versus three months ago), compared with 60% in June 2021 and 43% for December 2020 to June 2021
- Investors expect an S&P 500 low of 4,140 (a 10% decline versus the current level¹) by the end of Q2 2022
- A minority of investors (43%) remain bullish for 2022, and 45% are for the next three years—a first in the Investor Pulse Check series
- Investors' midterm expectations for the S&P 500 have declined to 6.5% annualized TSR (versus 7.0% to 7.5% across all pulse checks)

Macro considerations have become almost as important as company-specific factors in investment decisions and recommendations—and while COVID-19 remains an important risk, investors' concerns now are most focused on broader, macroeconomic themes

- On average, macro factors have a weight of 44% in investment considerations; 60% of investors believe that macro factors are more important now than they were before the pandemic
- A majority (55%) of investors continue to believe that COVID-19 is an important consideration; however, although 82% believe that COVID-19 will have a declining economic impact and business as usual will return, 69% want companies to be prepared for any potential lengthening or worsening of the pandemic
- Inflation and interest rate risk is the top macro concern, followed by risks to macroeconomic growth (for example, consumer confidence), supply chain and operational risks, and asset price risks (for instance, equities revaluation)
- Notably, COVID-19 is ranked seventh among factors that investors considered to be among the top three risks, and climate- and ESG-related risks rank eighth, with less than 20% of investors selecting each²

Investors want financially healthy companies to prioritize investments in long-term advantage, including active portfolio reshaping, while also delivering on guidance and consensus; only a minority currently agree on the importance of prioritizing ESG commitments over EPS,² paying dividends at prepandemic levels, or aggressively repurchasing shares

- 89% of investors (near the series average) want management teams to prioritize building capabilities, even at the expense of EPS
- 83% of investors (a new series high) expect management to deliver on revised guidance or consensus EPS; 53% (near the series high) want margin to be a priority
- More than 70% of investors (near the series average) want companies to actively pursue acquisitions, and 79% (near the series average) favor divestitures; a surprising 83% support large, transformational acquisitions if they enhance mediumand long-term growth or margins
- Close to half (45%) of investors agree that companies need to fully deliver on ESG commitments or double down on ESG efforts; 69% agree that companies should actively mitigate activism risk
- 45% of investors (near the series average, but increasing in recent months) expect companies to pay dividends at or above prepandemic levels, and only 37% (near the series average) want them to aggressively repurchase shares, while 61% of investors (near the series high) are open to companies raising equity capital

Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks, March 2020 through October 2021; n = 150 for each survey.

Note: A series high, average, or low is a percentage that reflects a comparison across the 17 COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks. TSR = total shareholder return; EPS = earnings per share; ESG = environmental, social, and governance.

¹At the time of the survey, the S&P 500 was at approximately 4,595.

A note on sustainable investing

October 31

Leading investment industry executives and institutions have highlighted their strong commitment and focus on ESG and <u>sustainable investing</u>, which BCG is proud to support

While this has translated into significant shifts in asset allocation and increased ESG engagement, the results of this survey show that this commitment has not yet fully cascaded down to the "rockface" and is not a primary driver of investment decisions and recommendations for many portfolio managers and buy-side and sell-side analysts

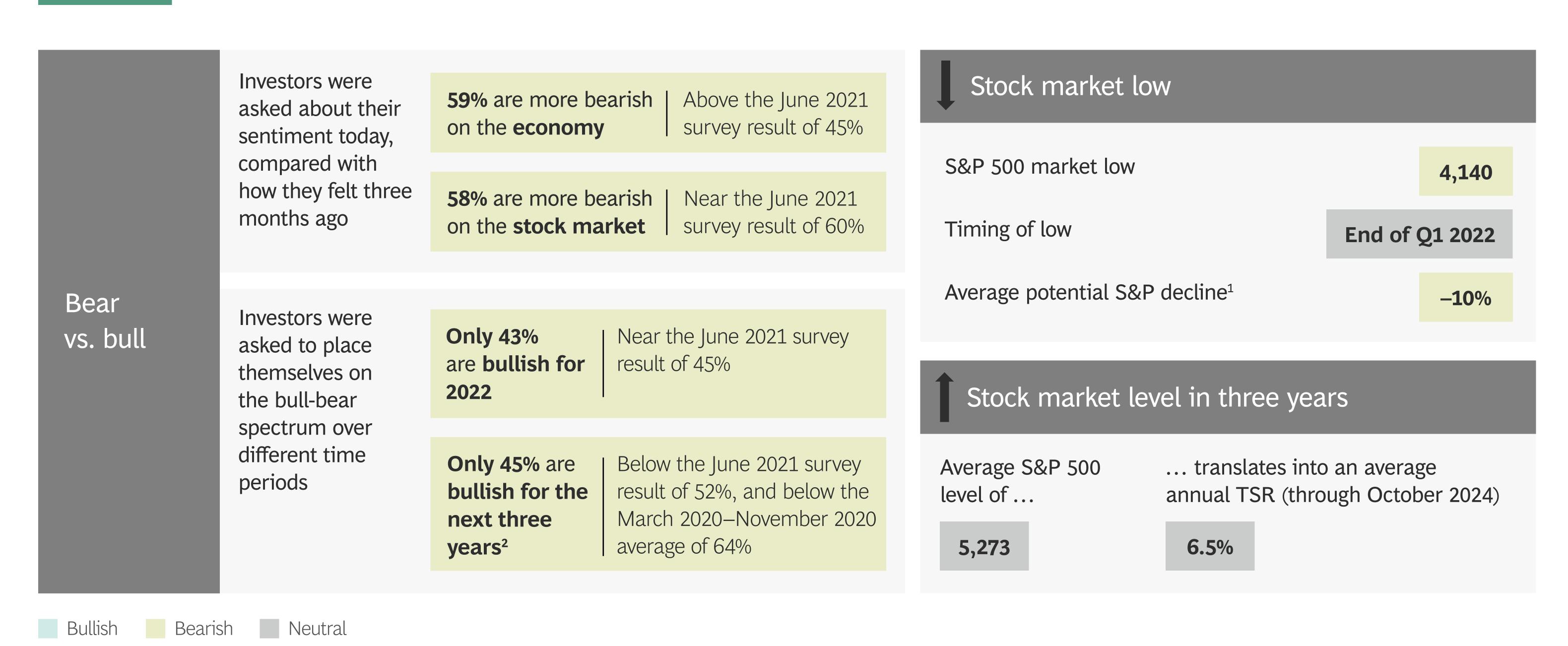
This presents an important opportunity to further integrate ESG and sustainability into day-to-day investment decisions

- Most investors participating in the BCG COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check have already adopted a long-term focus and have been highly consistent in their perspectives on maintaining ESG commitments throughout the COVID-19 crisis
- In select industries (such as oil and gas, utilities, air transport, and automotive), ESG performance and especially <u>decarbonization</u> are central to the investment thesis and significantly impact investment decisions
- Strengthening sustainability standards and ESG reporting requirements through organizations such as SASB¹ should catalyze investment firms to further <u>embed ESG</u> and sustainability in their investment processes

BCG strongly believes that the importance of ESG as part of day-to-day investment decisions will increase significantly and that investors will become an even more powerful force for change, while also achieving strong and sustainable returns

US investors' current perspectives on the US economy and stock market

October 31



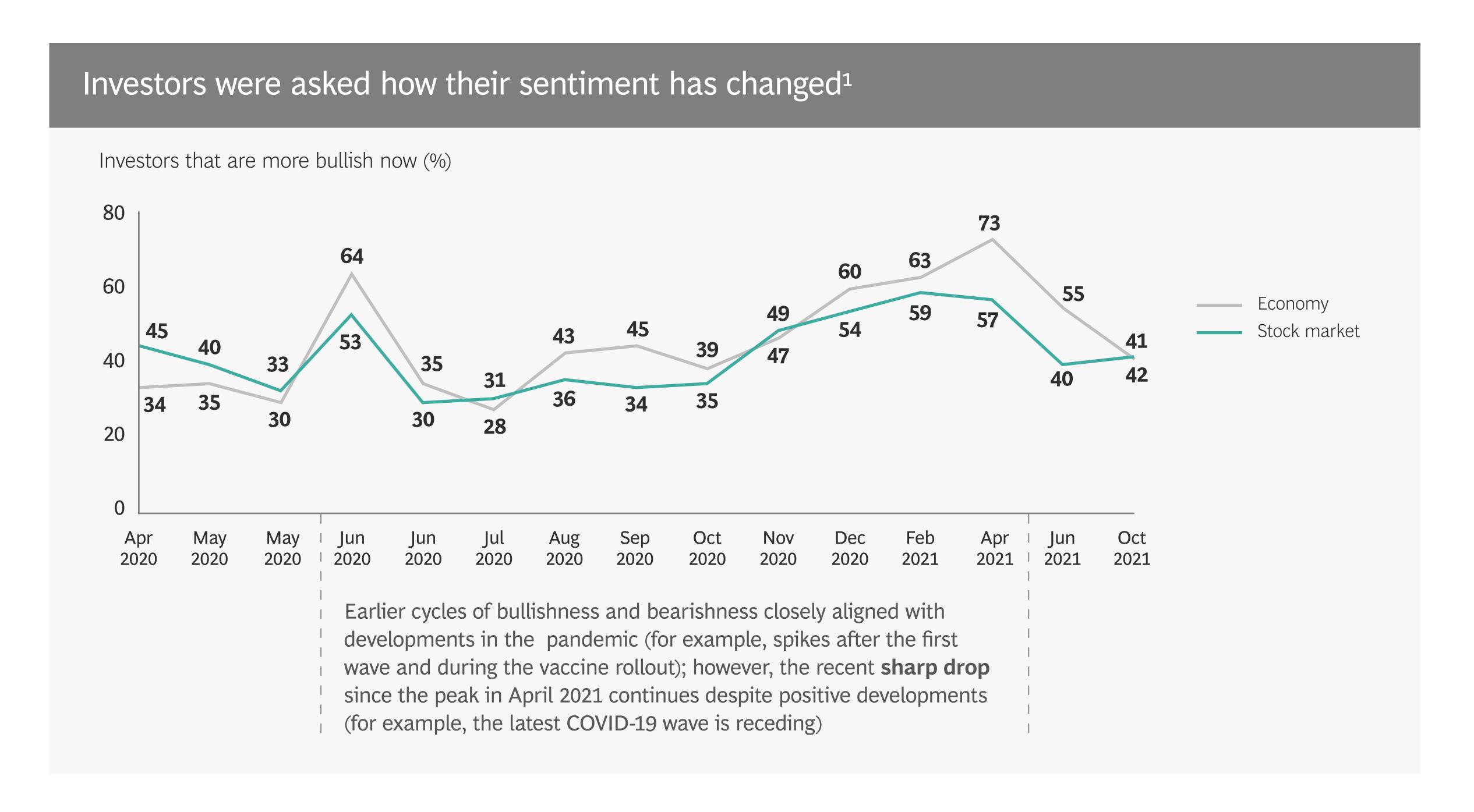
Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks, September 19, 2020, through October 31, 2021; n = 150 for each survey. Note: TSR = total shareholder return.

¹At the time of the survey, the S&P 500 was at approximately 4,595.

²Through October 2024.

Investor sentiment has turned more bearish in recent months, following a cyclical pattern throughout the pandemic

October 31



Investors have become more focused on macro topics, especially longer-term growth, macroeconomic risks, and supply chain and operational risks

October 31

Importance of macro factors¹

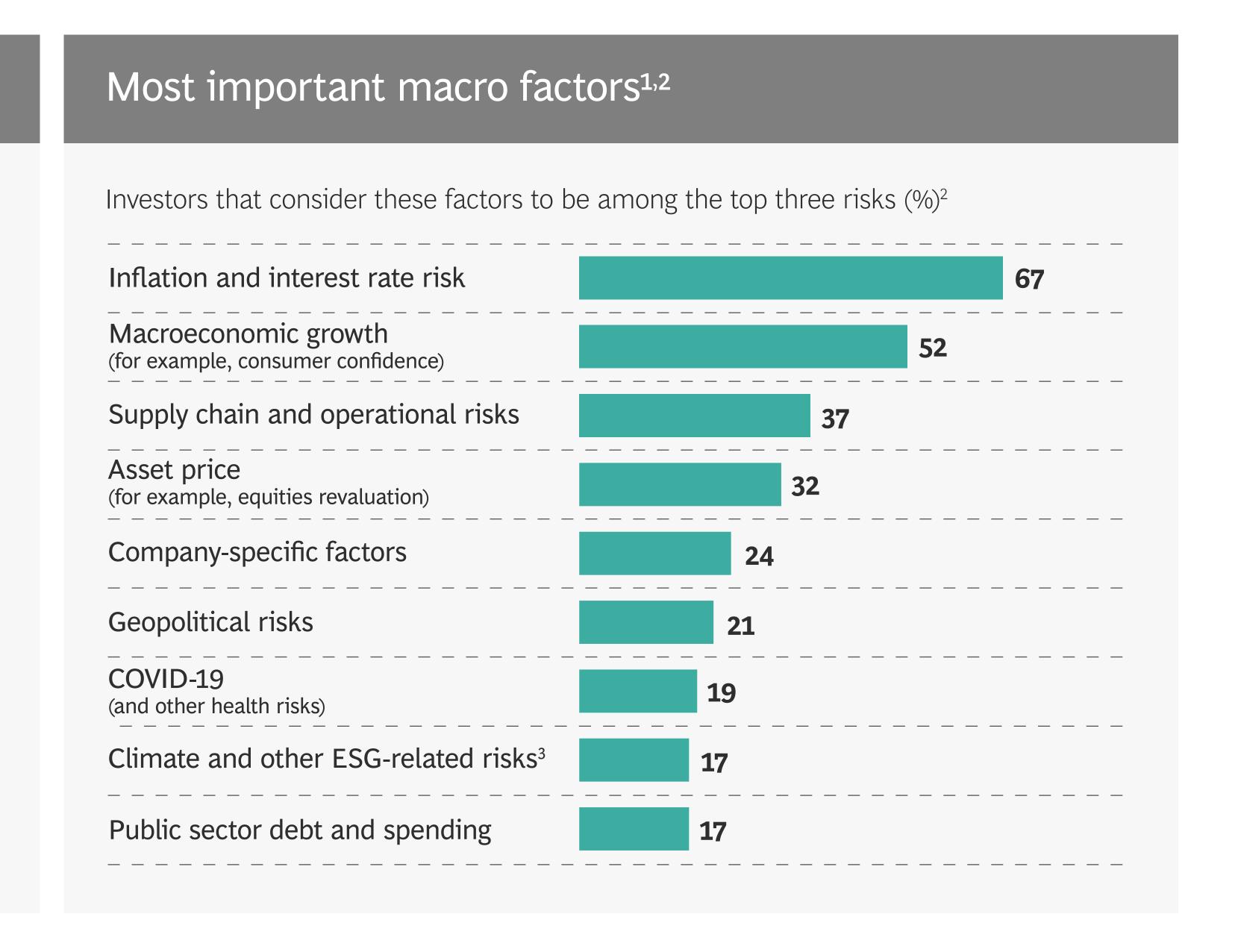
Significance of macro factors in making investment decisions and recommendations

44%

Average weight attributed to macro considerations versus company-specific factors

60%

Investors that believe macro factors are a bigger consideration now than they were before the pandemic



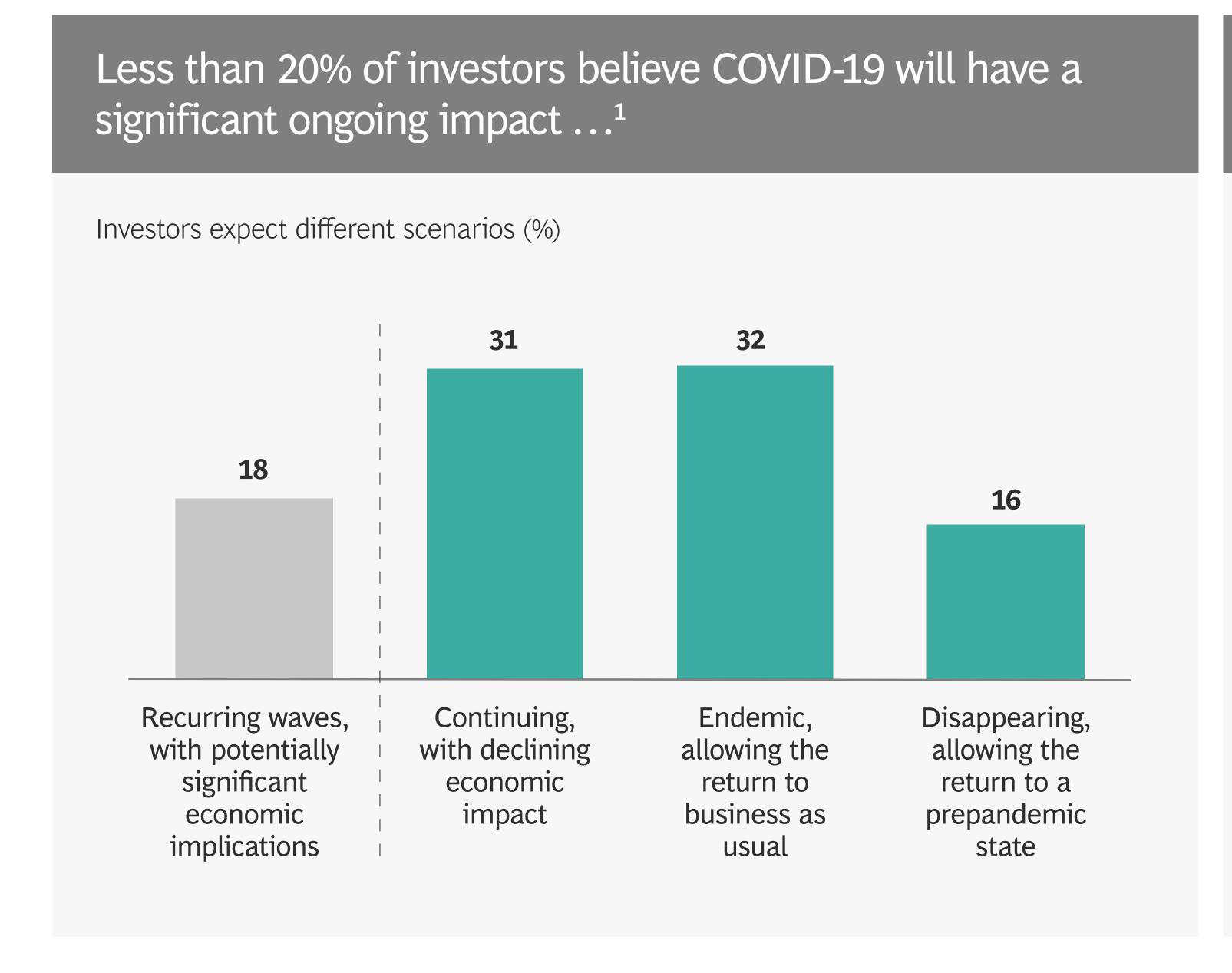
Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check, October 31, 2021; n = 150.

¹Participants were asked these questions for the first time in this survey.

²Other factors that are not shown in the chart include stock market liquidity risks (for example, a loss of liquidity due to a retail-trading frenzy) and private sector credit-default risks.

A majority of investors still view COVID-19 as an important consideration, but they see the threat receding

October 31



... however, COVID-19 still influences investment decisions, and companies need to be prepared for further headwinds¹

55%

Below the June 2021 survey result of 63%

Investors that continue to view COVID-19 as an important consideration in making investment decisions and recommendations

52%

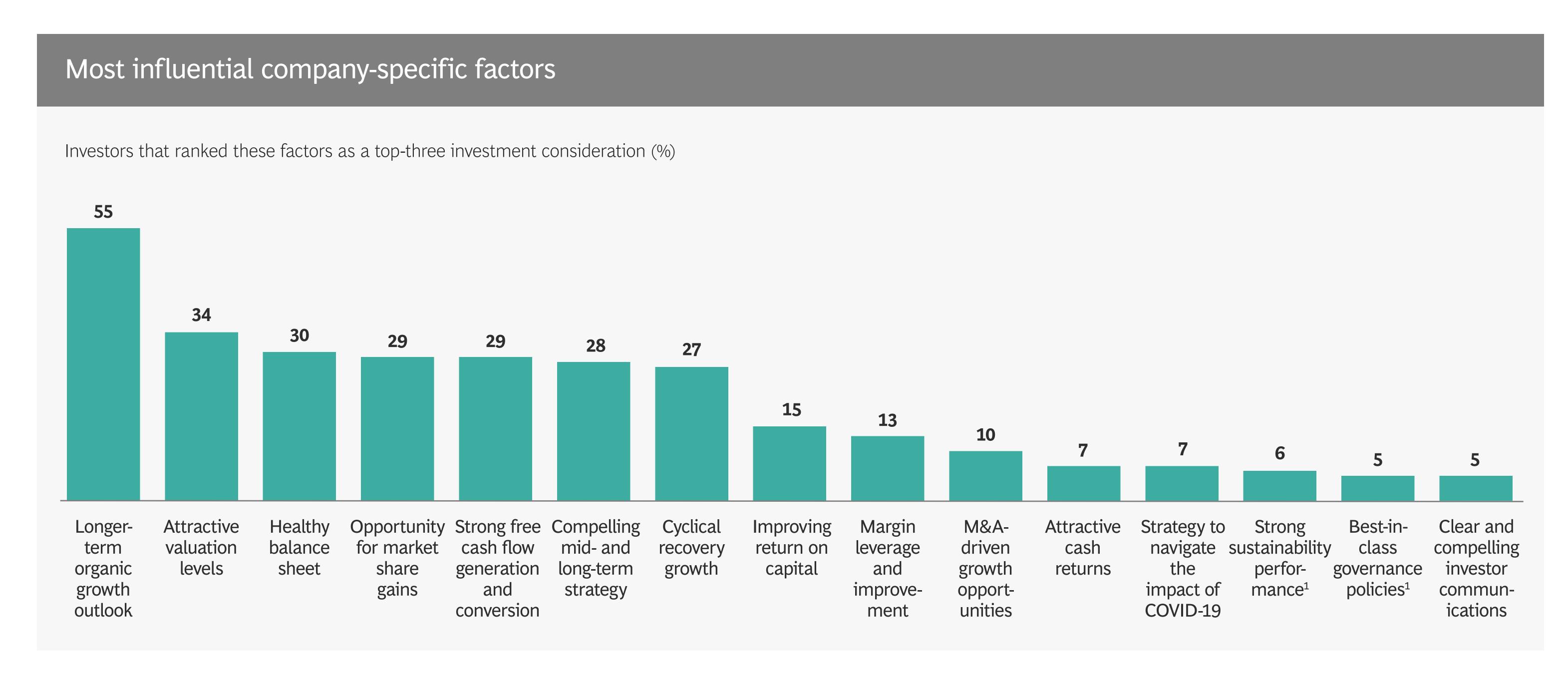
Investors that see COVID-19 as much less important than it was earlier in the pandemic¹

69%

Investors that believe companies should be prepared to weather headwinds from a potential lengthening or worsening of the COVID-19 pandemic, even at the expense of investing (for example, in digital, acquisitions, and ESG) to achieve advantage in the business¹

Investors heavily focus on companies' long-term growth outlook, followed by valuation levels, financial strength, and a compelling strategy

October 31



Investors want financially healthy companies to build long-term advantage at the expense of EPS and to deliver on guidance

October 31

Investing in the business

Prioritizing margins

Delivering on guidance

89% Near the series average of 90%¹

Investors that believe it is important to **prioritize building business capabilities**, even at the expense of delivering EPS

53% Near the series high of 55% and above the series average of 44%¹

Investors that think margins should be prioritized at the expense of investing in the business

83% | The series high; above the series average of 62% and the series low of 51%¹

Investors that feel it is **important to deliver on EPS guidance or consensus**

While investors have consistently supported investing in the business at the expense of EPS, they also increasingly expect companies to deliver on guidance and consensus

Investors want financially healthy companies to actively reshape the portfolio by acquiring or divesting, and investors support large M&A transactions

October 31

Reshaping the portfolio

71% Above the series average of 67% and near the series high of 72%²

Investors that believe acquisitions should be actively pursued to strengthen the business at current valuation levels

79% Above the series average of 73% but below the series high of 83%²

Investors that believe exiting or divesting lines of businesses should be considered to strengthen the overall company in the current market environment

Pursuing large transactions¹

81%

Investors that **support significant or transformational acquisitions** (or both) that are likely to enhance the company's growth or margin profiles (or both) in the medium or long term³

Investors' long-term focus translates into support for portfolio reshaping

Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check, October 31, 2021; n = 150.

Note: All questions were posed with respect to financially healthy companies, which were defined as companies with relatively strong and resilient free cash flow and a healthy balance sheet.

¹Participants were asked this question for the first time in this survey.

²A series high, average, or low is a percentage that reflects a comparison across the 17 Investor Pulse Checks.

Nearly half of investors want financially healthy companies to prioritize their ESG agenda over EPS guidance

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Continuing to pursue or doubling down on the ESG agenda

45% Below the series average of 50%¹

Investors that think it is important to continue pursuing the ESG agenda and priorities as companies navigate the crisis, even if it means guiding to lower EPS or delivering below consensus

45% Below the June 2021 survey result of 49%

Investors that say companies should double down on ESG initiatives that create value or reduce long-term risk, or both, even if it means guiding to lower EPS or delivering below consensus over the next 12 months

Mitigating activism risk

69% Above the series average of 66% and near the series high of 70%¹

Investors that believe companies should expect an increase in activist activity and, therefore, take proactive steps to mitigate activism risk by strengthening their businesses' fundamentals

Investors' views on the importance of pursuing an ESG agenda and proactively addressing activism risk have been relatively consistent over time

Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check, October 31, 2021; n = 150.

Investors are open to healthy companies raising equity capital, but they do not necessarily want companies to prioritize dividends or aggressively repurchase stock

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Prioritizing dividends

Repurchasing shares

Issuing equity

45% Above the series average of 40% but below the series high of 53%^{1,2}

Investors that think it is important to pay dividends that are at least equal to those paid before the pandemic, even if it is at the expense of other uses of cash

37% Below the series average of 39% but within the series range of 34% to 44%¹

Investors that think it is important to **aggressively repurchase shares** in today's market environment

61% Below the series high of 63% but above the series average of 56%¹

Investors that believe **significant equity issuance** is a reasonable move
with share prices that have moved in
line with the market

Expectations for dividends continue to be modest, while investors remain averse to significant share buybacks and are surprisingly open to issuing equity (in light of the high-valuation environment)

Comparison of BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks (1/4)

What are your expectations for	Mar 22 #1	Apr 5 #2	Apr 19 #3	May 3 #4	May 17 #5	Jun 7 #6	Jun 28 #7	Jul 19 #8	Aug 9 #9
Duration of COVID-19's impact on the US economy	Through Q3 2020	Through Q3 2020	Through Q4 2020	Through Q4 2020	Through Q4 2020	Through Q4 2020	Through Q1 2021	Through Q2 2021	Through Q2 2021
Likely shape of the US economy's recovery:									
 V shape 	13%	12%	9%	9%	9%	18%	10%	11%	11%
 U shape 	39%	46%	37%	37%	37%	32%	27%	25%	30%
L shape	25%	20%	21%	25%	24%	19%	21%	26%	20%
 W shape 	21%	21%	27%	25%	25%	26%	34%	31%	34%
Fiscal stimulus:									
 Incremental stimulus required (investors that believe it is needed)¹ 	Not asked	Not asked	\$1.8 trillion (not asked)	\$1.5 trillion (81%)	\$2.0 trillion (85%)	\$1.4 trillion (76%)	\$1.5 trillion (85%)	\$1.8 trillion (85%)	\$1.6 trillion (84%)
Stock market decline:									
 S&P 500 level after the decline (the decline from the current level at the time of the survey) 	2,062 (-14%)	2,158 (–14%)	2,393 (-15%)	2,382 (-16%)	2,449 (-16%)	2,676 (-14%)	2,664 (-14%)	2,765 (–14%)	2,935 (–12%)
Timing of decline	End of May 2020	End of June (Q2) 2020	Early Q3 2020	End of Q3 2020	End of Q3 2020	End of Q3 2020	End of Q3 2020	End of Q4 2020	End of Q4 2020
Three-year S&P 500 level (implied TSR)2	3,075 (11%)	3,165 (10%)	3,411 (9%)	3,591 (9%)	3,525 (9%)	3,717 (8%)	3,685 (8%)	3,727 (7%)	3,869 (7%)
Bear vs. bull									
Investors that are bullish for:									
• CY 2021	55%	53%	44%	46%	45%	41%	40%	35%	36%
• CY 2022	63%	64%	67%	64%	62%	55%	64%	57%	57%
 Next three years 	65%	68%	69%	69%	64%	61%	61%	57%	60%
More bullish vs. last month: economy	Not asked	Not asked	34%	35%	30%	64%	35%	28%	43%
More bullish vs. last month: stock market	Not asked	Not asked	45%	40%	33%	53%	30%	31%	36%

Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks; n = 150 for each survey.

Note: CY = calendar year; TSR = total shareholder return.

Comparison of BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks (2/4)

What are your expectations for	Sept 19 #10	Oct 17 #11	Nov 14 #12	Dec 13 #13	Feb 7 #14	Apr 30 #15	Jun 20 #16	Oct 31 #17	Difference (Jun 20 vs. Oct 31)
Duration of COVID-19's impact on the US economy	Through Q2 2021	End of Q2 or start of Q3 2021	Through Q2 2021	Through Q2 2021	Through Q4 2021	Through Q4 2021	Not asked	Not asked	Not applicable
Likely shape of the US economy's recovery:									
 V shape 	14%	15%	14%	13%	15%	27%	27%	Not asked	
 U shape 	29%	27%	21%	23%	29%	25%	22%		Not applicable
 L shape 	19%	18%	25%	21%	23%	17%	18%		Not applicable
 W shape 	35%	34%	33%	36%	25%	26%	31%		
Fiscal stimulus:									
 Incremental stimulus required (investors that believe it is needed)¹ 	\$1.5 trillion (83%)	\$1.7 trillion (86%)	\$1.6 trillion (82%)	\$1.5 trillion (82%)	\$1.3 trillion (82%)	\$0.8 trillion (46%)	Not asked	Not asked	Not applicable
Stock market decline:									
 S&P 500 level after the decline (the decline from the current level at the time of the survey) 	2,962 (–12%)	3,108 (-11%)	3,153 (-9%)	3,288 (-10%)	3,468 (–10%)	3,828 (-9%)	3,812 (-9%)	4,140 (-10%)	–1 pp
Timing of decline	End of Q4 2020	End of Q1 2021	End of Q1 2021	End of Q2 2021	End of Q2 2021	End of Q3 2021	End of Q4 2021	End of Q2 2022	+1 quarter
Three-year S&P 500 level (implied TSR)2	3,938 (7.5%)	4,061 (7.5%)	4,153 (7.5%)	4,232 (7%)	4,488 (7%)	4,840 (7%)	4,829 (7%)	5,273 (6.5%)	-0.5 pp
Bear vs. bull									
Investors that are bullish for:									
• CY 2021	45%	35%	38%	47%	51%	50%	39%	41%	+2 pp
• CY 2022	65%	56%	55%	50%	41%	47%	45%	43%	–2 pp
 Next three years 	66%	63%	59%	57%	53%	52%	52%	45%	–7 pp
More bullish vs. last month: economy	45%	39%	47%	60%	63%	73%	55%	41%	–14 pp
More bullish vs. last month: stock market	34%	35%	49%	54%	59%	57%	40%	42%	+2 pp

More aggressive

Significantly changed

More conservative

More aggressive

Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check; n = 150 for each survey.

Note: This slide spotlights key differences between pulse checks. Color coding is based on consideration of absolute and percentage change. CY = calendar year; pp = percentage point; TSR = total shareholder return.

No change

¹The survey question asked how much additional stimulus is required above the legislated stimulus to date.

Somewhat changed

More conservative

²The S&P 500 level that was used is the closing level of the day prior to the survey date (for example, for the survey date (for example, for the survey date). TSR is implied through the CAGR of the S&P 500 level and an assumed 2% dividend yield.

Comparison of BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks (3/4)

Investors that agree with the following statements about financially healthy companies (%)1

It is important for financially healthy companies to¹	Mar 22 #1	Apr 5 #2	Apr 19 #3	May 3 #4	May 17 #5	Jun 7 #6	Jun 28 #7	Jul 19 #8	Aug 9 #9
Prioritize building key business capabilities	89%	91%	92%	95%	88%	91%	90%	91%	89%
Prioritize maintaining their margin levels	Not asked	41%	33%	32%	33%	45%	38%	39%	36%
Actively pursue acquisitions	58%	64%	65%	66%	70%	68%	68%	69%	71%
Actively consider exiting or divesting lines of business	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	65%	64%	75%	67%	73%
Aggressively repurchase shares	39%	44%	38%	36%	42%	43%	34%	44%	37%
Maintain the dividend per share	41%	43%	35%	29%	36%	43%	33%	36%	36%
Intensely focus on preserving liquidity	73%	79%	77%	68%	75%	76%	69%	72%	67%
Quickly access all available sources of debt financing	Not asked	71%	73%	73%	72%	71%	65%	69%	67%
Consider significant equity issuance a reasonable move	Not asked	48%	56%	55%	53%	53%	61%	59%	55%
Provide or revise guidance	79%	77%	78%	74%	66%	72%	67%	69%	70%
Deliver EPS that at least meets revised guidance or consensus	56%	64%	56%	51%	54%	56%	58%	57%	57%
Investors understand why companies have withdrawn earnings guidance	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	85%	81%	79%	79%	83%	85%
Make additional temporary disclosures	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	83%	77%	76%	85%	87%	81%
Expect an increase in activist activity and take proactive steps to mitigate risk	59%	66%	64%	70%	61%	65%	63%	66%	63%
Continue to fully pursue their ESG agenda and priorities ²	Not asked	56%	46%	48%	45%	51%	48%	53%	51%
Double-down on ESG initiatives that create value and/or reduce risk longer term	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked						
"Reopen" with caution and prioritize employees' health and safety	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	84%	87%	89%	88%	87%

Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check; n = 150 for each survey.

Notes: EPS = earnings per share; ESG = environmental, social, and governance. The survey results represent an aggregate view of the respondents and not an industry-specific perspective. The ESG ranking would likely be very different for sectors where environmental considerations are central to the investment thesis.

¹Financially healthy companies were defined as companies with relatively strong and resilient free cash flow and a healthy balance sheet.

²Leading investment industry institutions and executives have voiced their strong and unwavering commitment and focus on ESG and sustainable investing. However, most of the investors BCG recently surveyed indicated that ESG is not currently a primary consideration in day-to-day investment decisions and recommendations.

Comparison of BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Checks (4/4)

Investors that agree with the following statements about financially healthy companies (%)1

It is important for financially healthy companies to ¹	Sept 19 #10	Oct 17 #11	Nov 14 #12	Dec 13 #13	Feb 7 #14	Apr 30 #15	June 20 #16	Oct 31 #17	Difference (Jun 20 vs. Oct 31)
Prioritize building key business capabilities	90%	90%	93%	89%	95%	88%	86%	89%	+3 pp
Prioritize maintaining their margin levels	39%	40%	38%	42%	40%	49%	55%	53%	–2 pp
Actively pursue acquisitions	72%	65%	63%	65%	63%	71%	68%	71%	+3 pp
Actively consider exiting or divesting lines of business	75%	73%	77%	71%	83%	75%	77%	79%	+2 pp
Aggressively repurchase shares	41%	43%	36%	36%	35%	41%	36%	37%	+1 pp
Maintain the dividend per share	37%	40%	45%	43%	47%	53%	47%	45%	-2 pp
Intensely focus on preserving liquidity	64%	60%	63%	65%	63%	54%	Not asked	Not asked	Not applicable
Quickly access all available sources of debt financing	65%	71%	63%	61%	65%	56%	Not asked	Not asked	Not applicable
Consider significant equity issuance a reasonable move	57%	56%	52%	61%	55%	55%	63%	61%	–2 pp
Provide or revise guidance	74%	71%	71%	83%	74%	87%	86%	Not asked	Not applicable
Deliver EPS that at least meets revised guidance or consensus	57%	64%	65%	71%	75%	79%	78%	83%	+5 pp
Investors understand why companies have withdrawn earnings guidance	77%	76%	73%	78%	71%	74%	Not asked	Not asked	Not applicable
Make additional temporary disclosures	84%	86%	84%	86%	81%	84%	Not asked	Not asked	Not applicable
Expect an increase in activist activity and take proactive steps to mitigate risk	69%	67%	67%	67%	68%	67%	69%	69%	No change
Continue to fully pursue their ESG agenda and priorities ²	51%	45%	48%	50%	50%	47%	55%	45%	–10 pp
Double-down on ESG initiatives that create value and/or reduce risk longer term	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	Not asked	49%	45%	-4 pp
"Reopen" with caution and prioritize employees' health and safety	83%	83%	85%	83%	82%	79%	79%	Not asked	Not applicable



Source: BCG's COVID-19 Investor Pulse Check; n = 150 for each survey.

Notes: EPS = earnings per share; ESG = environmental, social, and governance. The survey results represent an aggregate view of the respondents and not an industry-specific perspective. The ESG ranking would likely be very different for sectors where environmental considerations are central to the investment thesis.

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²Leading investment industry institutions and executives have voiced their strong and unwavering commitment and focus on ESG and sustainable investing. However, most of the investors BCG recently surveyed indicated that ESG is not currently a primary consideration in day-to-day investment decisions and recommendations.

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COVID-19 Disclaimer

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